

Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore
M.Math II Year, Second Semester
Semestral Examination, Back Paper Examination
Advanced Functional Analysis

Time: 3 hours

Instructor: T.S.S.R.K.Rao
Total Score : $10 \times 10 = 100$

Answer all questions. Show all work.

1. Let X, Y be topological vector spaces. Let $T : X \rightarrow Y$ be a linear map. Show that T is continuous if and only if it is bounded.
2. Let X be a $LCTVS$. Let $K \subset X$ be a compact set. Show that K is totally bounded.
3. Let X and Y be completely metrizable topological vector spaces. Let $T_n : X \rightarrow Y$ be a sequence of continuous linear maps such that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} T_n(x)$ exists for all $x \in X$. Show that $T(x) = \lim_n T_n(x)$ is a bounded linear map.
4. State and prove the Banach-Alaoglu theorem for topological vector spaces.
5. Let K be a compact convex set in a $LCTVS, X$. Let $F \subset K$ be an extreme, convex, closed set. Show that F has an extreme point of K .
6. Let X be a Banach space and $(\Omega, \mathfrak{A}, \mu)$ a probability space. Let $f : \Omega \rightarrow X$ be a strongly μ -measurable function. Show that f is $a \cdot e$ separable valued.
7. Let X and f be as in question 6. Suppose $\int_{\Omega} \|f(\omega)\| d\mu(\omega) < \infty$. Show that f is Bochner integrable.
8. Let $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow C[0, 1]$ be a measurable function such that inverse image of a Borel set is Borel. Is f strongly measurable? Justify your answer.
9. Let X be a Banach space and $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow X$ be a Bochner integrable function w.r.t. the Lebesgue measure. Show that $\lim_{\lambda(E) \rightarrow 0} \int_E f d\lambda = 0$.
10. State and prove the Pettis measurability theorem.